## Literature review

# Impact of an antimicrobial dressing in reducing surgical site infections in cardiac surgery patients

Gaspard F, Brassard P, Alam T, et al. Wounds. 2013 Jul;25(7):178-185.

Summary: A non-randomized, prospective cohort study was conducted at McGill University Health Center to evaluate the impact of an antimicrobial dressing (Telfa<sup>™</sup> AMD) on surgical site infection rates associated with cardiac surgery. Outcomes for 1,399 patients who underwent cardiac surgical procedures, including coronary artery bypass grafting (CABG) and/or valve replacement and/or repair via median sternotomy, were included in the analysis. The PHMB group demonstrated significant reductions in the CABG only surgical site infection rate (7.1% PHMB group, 11.1% control group, P=0.03), overall infection rate (5.8% PHMB group, 9.8% control group, P<0.05) and leg infection rate (4.7% PHMB group, 10.4% control group, P<0.05). Exposure to the antimicrobial dressing significantly reduced infection after adjusting for differences in all other characteristics in the comparison groups (OR 0.58 [0.38-0.89]). The authors concluded that the antimicrobial dressing had a better overall efficacy, particularly for leg infections, to prevent surgical site infections compared to the plain dressings.

Clinical outcomes: AMD significantly reduced surgical site infection



In this study, the antimicrobial dressing had a better overall efficacy, particularly for leg infections, to prevent surgical site infections compared to the plain dressings used.

For more information about antimicrobial dressings with PHMB, contact your Cardinal Health Canada sales representative, call **1.888.291.5033** or visit **shop.cardinalhealth.ca** 

\* Statistically significant.

#### Reference

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#### About this study



### Design

Non-randomized prospective cohort



#### Intervention

PHMB dressing (Telfa<sup>™</sup> AMD)



- Study details
- McGill University Health Center
- No practice or personnel changes
- 1-year follow-up



#### Number of participants

**1,399 patients** treated per protocol

**1,658 patients** intended to treat



#### Patient profile

Cardiac surgical patients

- Coronary artery bypass grafting (CABG)
- Valve replacement
- Median sternotomy